



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier FSG Z Slide Gate Plates/Nozzles
Recommended use For Industrial Use Only
Recommended restrictions Users should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Manufacturer/Supplier information

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2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.
Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Environmental hazards Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.
Label elements



Signal word Danger.
Hazard Statement May cause cancer.
Precautionary statement
Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.
Response If concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage Store locked up.
Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

Hazard(s) not otherwise Classified (HNOC)

None Known.

Supplemental information

Users should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Overexposure to the respirable dust of crystalline silica (quartz or cristobalite, less than or equal to 5 microns in size) may lead to silicosis in humans, which is a progressive and irreversible lung disease. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS Number	%
Phenol		108-95-2	*
Iron Oxide		1309-37-1	*
Formaldehyde		50-00-0	*
Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous)		1344-28-1	*
Quartz	Silica	14808-60-7	*
Zircon	Zirconium Dioxide	1314-23-4	*

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Do not rub your eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Dust may irritate the respiratory tract, skin, and eyes. Coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep the victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

If concerned: Get medical advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Signs and symptoms of exposure

Generally, there are no signs or symptoms of short-term exposure to respirable crystalline silica. Long-term exposure to respirable crystalline silica, without using an approved respiratory mask, may lead to chronic or acute silicosis.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Not available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Not available.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Not available.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards
Chlorine Trifluoride reacts violently with Aluminum Oxide producing a flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from, and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Stop the flow of material if this is without risk. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with a HEPA filter.
Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into a waste container. Avoid the generation of dust during clean-up. Following product recovery, flush the area with water.
Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect it in a suitable container for disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses, or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents and acids.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in the original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<i>Components</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Form</i>
Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Zirconium Dioxide (CAS 1314-23-4)	PEL	5mg/m ³	

US OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<i>Components</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Form</i>
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³ 2.4 mppcf	Total dust. Respirable. Respirable.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<i>Components</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Form</i>
Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Quartz (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Zirconium Dioxide (CAS 1314-23-4)	STEL TWA	10mg/m ³ 5mg/m ³	

US NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<i>Components</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Form</i>
Quartz (SiO ₂) 14808-60-7	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Zirconium Dioxide (CAS 1314-23-4)	STEL TWA	10mg/m ³ 5mg/m ³	

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits were noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

The resin binder in this product was specifically engineered to have low toxicity, with minimal free-phenol (less than 100ppm in this refractory product) and no free-formaldehyde. Under certain conditions, thermal decomposition products may still include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, formaldehyde, phenol, and aromatic and/or aliphatic compounds.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and an emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge, full facepiece, dust, and mist filter.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Other

Wear appropriate chemical-resistant gloves.
Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary



General Hygiene Considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid.

Form

Solid.

Color

Not available.

Odor

Not available.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

Flash point

Not available.

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	
	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage, and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction is known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Refractories containing crystalline silica may, after service, contain more or less crystalline silica. Care must be taken to avoid and/or control dust from demolition. If in doubt of the proper protection, seek advice from a safety professional. The organic binder in this product falls into a class known as phenolic resin. Refractory products using this type of binder are supplied in two forms, (1) shaped products such as brick and (2) monolithics such as refractory plastics and rams. The hazards associated with phenolic resin are different in the two forms. For pre-cured shapes (brick), the binder has been reacted or polymerized by heat to its solid form before shipment. On decomposition by heating, where there is sufficient air and heating rate, the gaseous products are mostly carbon dioxide and water. Under low or limited oxygen supply, decomposition products during heat-up and early service may include phenol, as well as aromatic and/or aliphatic derivatives. After a campaign in service, this refractory product should be completely coked and, in that condition, the material for disposal would be carbon and an inorganic oxide. During field installation of non-cured unshaped products (monolithics), there is a possibility of exposure to trace amounts of

phenol by skin contact and inhalation. After the product has been heated to high temperatures in service, it will have similar decomposition characteristics to pre-cured shapes.

Incompatible materials

Phosphorus. Chlorine. Powerful Oxidizers.
Incompatibility is based strictly upon potential theoretical reactions between chemicals and may not be specific to industrial application exposure. Contact your sales representative for clarification.

Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Dust may irritate the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Dust or powder may irritate the skin.
Eye contact	Dust may irritate the eyes.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics:

Dust may irritate the respiratory tract, skin, and eyes.
Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Not available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with the eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data is available to indicate product, or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However, in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicate dust, and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits)

concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

US OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Developmental effects

Quartz (SiO₂) 0

Developmental effects - EU category

Quartz (SiO₂) 0

Embryotoxicity

Quartz (SiO₂) 0

Reproductively

Quartz (SiO₂) 0

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bio-accumulative potential

No data available.

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential,

endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.
Hazardous waste code	Not applicable.
Waste from residues / unused products	Not available.
Contaminated packaging	Not available.

14. Transport information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. One or more components are not listed on TSCA. All chemical substances in this product are listed on the TSCA chemical substance inventory where required.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated.
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)	Not listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	Not regulated.
US OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	Not listed.
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)	
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	Not listed.
SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical	

No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

<i>Chemical Name</i>	<i>CAS number</i>	<i>% by wt.</i>
Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous)	1344-28-1	*

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not Regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

US California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.

US Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)
ZIRCONIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 1314-23-4)

US New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7)

US Rhode Island RTK Aluminum Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)

US California Proposition 65
This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
Quartz (SiO₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Listed: January 1, 1988

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

This information is supplied to be informative and to alert the user of the material. The ultimate compliance with federal, state, and/or local regulations concerning the use of this material, or compliance with respect to product liability, rests solely upon the purchaser thereof.

Prepared by: FRC Global
Date: October 2020

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End of Safety Data Sheet